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Users of OGS products are encouraged to contact those Aboriginal communities whose traditional territories may be located in the mineral exploration area to discuss their project.

Ontario Drill Hole Database—2013

by Ontario Geological Survey

This publication can be downloaded from http://www.geologyontario.mndm.gov.on.ca/mndmaccess/mndm dir.asp?type=pub&id=ODHD

Geoscience data, including *Ontario Drill Hole Database*—2013, collected by the Ontario Geological Survey (OGS), are also provided as data layers through OGSEarth (www.ontario.ca/ogsearth), which can be viewed using user-friendly geographic information programs such as Google EarthTM mapping service.

Introduction

The Ministry of Northern Development and Mines is releasing an updated version of the Ontario Drill Hole Database (ODHD). This database is an inventory of drill holes in the province of Ontario. Drill hole data are compiled from assessment files on a regular basis; the Ontario Drill Hole Database is continuously updated and is released periodically on CD. This release includes drill holes for which information was received by March 31, 2013, adding more than 15 000 new drill holes since the last release (ERLIS Data Set 13—Revision 1, December 2005). A number of data and location errors have also been corrected. This release supersedes all previous releases.

The Ontario Drill Hole Database contains information for over 141 000 percussion, overburden, sonic and diamond-drill holes. Data include location, company name, company hole number, hole orientation, hole depth, and overburden depth if applicable. The presence of assay results with cutoff values for gold, silver, copper, zinc, lead, nickel and platinum group elements is noted. Source assessment file numbers are captured for cross referencing with the assessment file database (AFRI).

Data are provided in 2 formats in this release: 1) a relational database and 2) seamless ODHD provincial coverage in a geospatial GIS (ESRI[®] shape file) format. The complete ODHD relational database is provided in Microsoft[®] Access[®] 2007/2010 (.accdb) format. Geospatial data are provided in North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) geographic co-ordinate system using Geodetic Reference System 1980 (GRS80).

Database History

The drill hole database was created in 1995 from the provincial archive of assessment files submitted to MNDM. Assessment files that had already been converted to digital format during the Assessment File Research Image (AFRI) project, and were loaded into the AFRI database, were used as the original source for drill hole data. Assessment files submitted after the initial compilation were reviewed on an ongoing basis for drill holes to be added to the drill hole database. Updates have continued regularly since that time.

The drill hole database was made accessible to clients in 1996 on the Earth Resources and Land Information System (ERLIS) through central work stations installed at 4 MNDM offices: Toronto, Sudbury, Timmins and Thunder Bay. In 1999, the database was migrated to the Earth Resources Mineral Exploration webSite (ERMES) and made accessible to clients worldwide through the Internet. The Ontario Drill Hole Database is now available for viewing and querying on the GeologyOntario web site. The database and associated geospatial data was also released periodically on CD for sale to clients. This version, Ontario Drill Hole Database—2013, supersedes all previous releases.

Data Completeness and Level of Accuracy

Drill hole data are compiled from assessment files that have been submitted to MNDM in accordance with the Ontario *Mining Act*. Other drill hole information, for which MNDM may have information from other sources, may not be included in the database. Typical sources of this are

- 1. Patented Ground: drilling conducted on patented ground is not usually submitted for assessment, but information and/or core may have been donated to MNDM.
- 2. Drill Core Library: the Drill Core Library contains core from more than 12 000 drill holes, some of which has been donated from patented ground or other situations where assessment work was not submitted.
- 3. Donated Files: files donated to the Resident Geologist Program offices by exploration companies often contain data not included in assessment files.
- 4. RGP Unique Files: Resident Geologist Program offices may contain unique files that are not duplicated in the assessment file database and, therefore, were not included in the initial drill hole conversion.

The level of accuracy of drill hole locations is dependent upon the source document used to derive the hole location. The "Map Source" field in the database captures details regarding the map source. Source categories used, and the criteria that define each, are as follows:

CL (CLAIM MAP)

A drill hole is located relative to a post on a claim. The claim itself may not be spatially located relative to any topographical features. For historic drilling, when possible, old claim maps were used to position the claim and thus obtain a location for the hole.

DT (DETAIL COMPANY MAP)

Drill holes are located relative to a local grid plotted on a detailed grid map included in the assessment file. The local grids are usually tied to topographic or claim boundaries. Holes are digitized relative to each other, then the group of holes is referenced to an NTS base. The holes are spatially correct relative to each other. This ensures the accuracy of the detailed company map was not compromised by the difference in scale between it and the NTS base.

EE (EMR E SIZE)

The locations are derived by digitizing points from a 1:50 000 plot of the 1:250 000 Federal Energy, Mines and Resources (EMR) maps.

SK (SKETCH MAP)

The location is derived from a sketch map, generally an $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11^{\prime\prime}$ drawing or other labelled sketch.

UTM (UTM CO-ORDINATES)

Universal Transverse Mercator co-ordinates are provided for the drill hole location, or can be derived from geographic co-ordinates that are included in the assessment file.

WO (CENTRE OF CLAIM)

The only source of information for the drill hole is the Report of Work form.

Data

The data are stored in 2 folders: 1) Access Database, and 2) Geospatial Data.

"Access Database" folder

The Ontario Drill Hole Database is provided as a Microsoft[®] Access[®] 2007/2010 (*odh_march2013.accdb*) format file. Supporting documentation, provided as a portable document format (*ODHD Data Model.pdf*) file in this folder, outlines the data model and table relationships, and gives definitions for the data. Please refer to this document for explanations of how the data are collected and the meaning of individual data fields.

"Geospatial Data" folder

The geospatial files are provided for the drill hole geospatial and attribute data. ESRI[®] software $(odh_march2013.shp)$ utilizes the shape file format. The shape file consists of many subfiles, including a **feature geometry** file (.shp), a **database** file (.dbf), a **lookup index** file (.shx), a **projection** file (.prj) and feature index format files (.sbn) and .sbx.

Projection

The georeferenced spatial data in this data release are provided in North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) geographic co-ordinate system (GCS_NAD83) (as latitudes and longitudes) using Geodetic Reference System 1980 (GRS80) and Transverse Mercator projection. The latitude and longitude co-ordinates in the drill hole database tabular data (*accdb* file) are stored in NAD27; the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) co-ordinates can be either NAD27 or NAD83 as indicated in the corresponding "UTM datum" field.

Using the Data

1. Microsoft® Access® Database

The complete Ontario Drill Hole database, in Microsoft® Access® 2007/2010 (.accdb) format, contains data for over 140 000 percussion, overburden, sonic and diamond drill holes in Ontario. For a detailed description of the tables, fields and relationships in the database, please refer to the documentation contained in the Access Database folder (*ODHD Data Model.pdf*).

The database has been designed to work in Microsoft® Access® 2007 or 2010. If you have a later version of Microsoft® Access®, the query and report tools may not function correctly, although the database tables will still be accessible. To use the file, you must have a typical installation of Microsoft® Access® 2010 on your computer.

When the database opens, a query window is displayed that prompts for search criteria. Four search criteria are available: MNDM Hole ID, Hole Type Code, Township, and Element Code. These can be used in any combination to identify specific holes or groups of holes of interest.

Search criteria for MNDM Hole ID must be typed in manually. Please note that, for this field only, search criteria must be prefaced with a search parameter such as = or >. Simply entering the hole number will not work. Some examples of valid criteria are =234, <20, >304, Between 700 And 710.

Values for the other 3 criteria are chosen from a drop-down list of options. Definitions for the codes displayed are as follows:

Hole Type Code:

DD diamond drill hole

DW wedged diamond drill hole

OD overburden drill hole (auger, wacker)

PD percussion drill hole

RC reverse circulation (sonic)

UD underground drilling

Element Code:

AG presence of silver: at least 35 grams per ton

AU presence of gold: at least 3000 ppb

AU5 presence of gold: between 500 and 3000 ppb

CU presence of copper: at least 0.1% NI presence of nickel: at least 0.1% PB presence of lead: at least 1.0

PGE presence of platinum group elements: at least 500 ppb

ZN presence of zinc: at least 0.25%

Selecting "GO" executes the search, causing a new window to open with a list of drill holes matching the query criteria. From this window, you can view details of a specific drill hole, or print a summary report, by selecting the hole (click on the square to the left of the hole ID so a triangle appears beside the record), then selecting any of the option buttons along the bottom of the window.

2. Geospatial Data

MNDM assumes no responsibility for any problems arising from the installation of $ESRI^{\otimes}$ software. Clients install these applications at their own risk.

The geospatial data include most of the data fields from the drill hole database with the exception of element and log information. The data fields in the geospatial files include

MNDM_ID a unique number assigned by MNDM to reference the drill hole in the database

TWP AREA geographic township or NTS map sheet area that covers the drill hole location

TYPE type of drilling

COMPANY NA name of the company for whom the hole was drilled

COMPANY_HO company hole number

MAP SOURCE source for the drill hole data

RGP DISTRI Resident Geologist Program district that covers the drill hole location

NTS NTS quadrant for the location of the drill hole

AZIMUTH azimuth for the drill hole

DIP dip for the drill hole

LENGTH length of the drill hole, in metres

OVERBURDEN length of the hole down to bedrock, in metres

YEAR DRILL year the hole was drilled

AFRI_FID file number, from the Assessment File Database (AFRI), for the file from which the

drill hole information was derived. If more than one file was used additional AFRI

numbers are noted in the comments.

COMMENTS clarification relating to data source, additional information, or AFRI file source

Please refer to the *odh_march2013.accdb* file in the Access Database folder for complete data on individual drill hole records.

Ontario Geological Survey April 2013